



Austro-Hungarian Orders, Medals and Decorations Volume VI: Semi-Official Awards Part I, Military Awards



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Introduction

This volume contains a description and analysis of the semi-official medals and decorations issued within the Austrian and later Austro-Hungarian Empire other than those made for the collector trade or for commercial purposes. This will include medals issued by entities other than the central Austrian or Austro-Hungarian government so long as they are directly related to the military mission of the government. This volume on semiofficial medals will describe medals issued by entities other than the emperor to military or civil officials, by municipalities such as cities and cantons, by military units, by societies such as the Red Cross and organizations like the War Help Bureau and by veteran societies. The exception will be the official Red Cross decorations which were issued by the central government and will be addressed in the volume on decorations. Thus the reader can expect to find in this part of the volume on semi-official awards a description of the semi-official awards issued by or for military units.









Semi-official Military Medals Marshal Eugene Franz, Duke of Savoy and Prince of Piedmont Commemoration Medal (Franz Herzog von Savoyan, Prinzen von Piedmont Gedenkmedaille)



Date Issued: 1736

Reason Issued: Given as a commemorative medal to the officers who were serving with the Prince Eugene

when he died in 1736. Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: None known

Hallmarks: None known

Design: A round medal with an attached eye

Obverse: A bust of Marshal Eugene Franz in armor. Around the bust is inscribed: EVGENIVUS FRANC.

PR.SAB.CAES.MAI .ERXERC.SVPR.DVX.

Reverse: An allegorical image with the inscription VLTIMO SVPERATO-D 21.APR. A1736.

Weight: Unknown Size: 43 mm

Type of Material: Silver Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: None, the medal was worn on a double linked silver chain

Attachments: None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals Commemorative Medal of the Panduren Leader Freiherr von der Trenck



(Gedenkmedaille an den Pandurenoberst Frhrn v.d. Trenck)



Date Issued: 1746

Reason Issued: Given as a commemorative medal to those who served in the 53rd Infantry Regiment from

1741-1746 while Colonel Franz Freiherr von der Trenck was commander.

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: Von der Trenck is considered the father of military music

• The Pandur regiment was a paramilitary unit that specialized in guerrilla tactics and was composed primarily of Croats and Serbs troops. In 1756 the military unit became a Hungarian regiment, which existed until 1918 as the Imperial and Royal Infantry Regiment No. 53.

• Van der Trenck was considered to be a very corrupt officer. In 1746 he was tried for atrocities, disobedience and insubordination. Initially sentenced to death, Maria Theresa pardoned him to life imprisonment at Špilberk Castle in Brno where he died in 1749.

Hallmarks: The Vienna Assay Office Mark

Design: A round medal with an attached loop shaped eye and a raised

Obverse: A bust of Franz von der Trenck facing to the viewers left and wearing a military tunic and kalpak. Around the upper portion of the bust is inscribed: OBRIST.FRANZ.FREIHERR VON DER TRENCK PANDUREN KOMMONDANT. Translation: Colonel Franz Baron von Trenck Panduren Commander. Below the bust is the date 1741-1746









Semi-official Military Medals Commemorative Medal of the Panduren Leader Freiherr von der Trenck



(Gedenkmedaille an den Pandurenoberst Frhrn v.d. Trenck)



Reverse: A plain field n which is a laurel wreath the follows the contour of the edge of the medal. Within the wreath is inscribed: **GEDENKMEDALLE DES K.U.K. INFANTERIE-REGIMENTS NR 53.** Translation:

Commemorative Medal of the Imperial and Royal Infantry Regiment No. 53.

Weight: 40.1 grams Size: 44.8 mm

Type of Material: Silver Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: A white ribbon with red side stripes

Attachments: None Miniature: None known



Franz Freiherr von der Trenck









Semi-official Military Medals



Flag Consecration of the Private Defense Corps in Mariasch Commemoration Medal

(Fahnenweihe des Privaten Schutzenkorps in Mariaschein Gedenkmedaille)





Date Issued: September 1872

Reason Issued: To commemorate the flag consecration of the Marisch Defense Corps on September 15, 1872

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: None known

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim decorated with a fine beaded line, in the center of the medal is a circle created by a fine raised line. Inside the circle is the imperial coat of arms. Between the edge of the medal and the center circle is an inscription that starts and ends near the six o'clock position which reads MIT GOTT FUR KAISER UND VATERLAND. Translation: With God for the emperor and the fatherland. Separating the beginning and ending of the inscription at the six o'clock position is a star.

Reverse: Inside a raised rim is a eight line inscription with the first line curved to conform to the curve of the medal. The inscription reads: FAHNEWEIHE / DES / K:K: PRIV / SCHUTZEN CORPS / ZU / MARI-**ASCHEIN / AM 15. SEPT. / 1872.** Translation: Flag consecration of the Imperial and Royal Private Defense Corps in Mariasch on 15 September 1872.

Weight: Unknown

Size: 27 mm

Type of Material: Brass Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown







Semi-official Military Medals **Mnichovic-Ondrejov Training Camp Commemoration Medal**



(Ubunslager Mnichovic-Ondrejov Gedenkmedaille)



Date Issued: September 1887

Reason Issued: To commemorate the flag consecration of the Marisch Defense Corps on September 15, 1872

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: Mnichovic-Ondrejov is an area in near the city of Prague which General Phillippovoc com-

manded

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim in the center of the medal is a fine beaded line. Within this line is the image of Feldzeugmeister Josef Baron Phillippovoc von Phillippsberg facing to the viewers right. Around the image of General Phillippovoc between the beaded circle and the edge of the medal is an inscription in two lines. The inscription which starts and ends at the six o'clock position reads as follows from outer inscription to inner: JOSÉF FREIHERR PHILIPPOVIC VON PHILIPPSBERG K.K. FELDZEUGMEISTÉR / COMMAN-DANT 8. CORPS & COMMANDIERENDER GENERAL IN PRAG. Translation: Josef Baron Philippovic von Philippsberg Imperial and Royal Feldzeugmeister, commander of the 8 Corps and Commanding General I Prague.

Reverse: inside a raised rim with a beaded design is a six line inscription with the first line curved to conform to the curve of the medal. The inscription reads: ZUR ERINNERUNG / AN DAS / UBUNGSLAGER / MNICHOVIC-/ ONDREJOV / 1887. Translation: In commemoration of the training camp at Mnichovic-

Ondrejov 1887. Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1890)



Date Issued: 1890

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial sea maneuvers of 1890

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- The obverse of this medal is the same as that of the 1893 Maneuvers Medal and the reverse is very similar except for the inscription.

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim with a beaded decoration

Obverse: Inside a raised rim and a fine beaded design is the bust of Emperor Wilhelm II facing to the viewers right wearing a field marshals uniform with spiked helmet and decorations. Around the upper portion of the medal and following its contour starting at the eight o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position is inscribed: **WILHELM II. DEUTSCHER KAISER**. Translation: Wilhelm II German Emperor. In front of the bust is inscribed: **JOSEF I.** Below the bust is a star

Reverse: Inside a raised rim and a fine beaded design is a scene of soldiers in the field. Around the upper edge of the medal is inscribed starting at the 10 o'clock position and ending at the two o'clock position is the following: **KAISERMANOVER 1890.** Translation: Imperial maneuver 1890. Franz Joseph

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Silver Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Unknown

Attachments: None **Miniature:** None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaiserseemanovers 1891)



Date Issued: June 1891

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial sea maneuvers of June 23-28, 1891 which were held near Dal-

matia

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1891

• These medals were probably issued to the sailors who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and are therefore considered to be a semi-official award

• The 1891 Sea Maneuvers are the second of four known sea maneuvers which occurred in 1882, 1891, 1895 and 1902. The emperor attended all four maneuvers

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right. Behind Franz Joseph's head in the upper portion of the medal and following its contour is inscribed: FRANZ. In front of the bust is inscribed: **JOSEF I.** Below the bust is a asterisk

Reverse: On a plain field is inscribed in Italian in four lines: DURANTE DELLA/ MANOVREFLOT-TILE/ A DALMATIA/ GIUGNIO 1891. Translation: In commemoration of the Naval Maneuvers at Dalmatia June 1891. Around the edge of the medal starting at the six o'clock position is inscribed: * AL RICORDO DELLA PRESENZA DI SUA MAJESTA IMPERATORE FRANCESCO GIUSEPPEI. Translation: To commemorate the presence of his majesty Franz Joseph

Weight: Unknown Size: 31 mm

Type of Material: Brass Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None

Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaiserseemanovers 1891)



Date Issued: June 1891

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial sea maneuvers of June 23-28, 1891 which were held near Dal-

matia

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1891

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Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right. Behind Franz Joseph's head in the upper portion of the medal and following its contour is inscribed: FRANZ. In front of the bust is inscribed: **JOSEF I.** Below the bust is a asterisk

Reverse: On a plain field is inscribed in Italian in four lines: A / POLA / GUIGNIO / 1891. Translation: In commemoration of the Naval Maneuvers at Dalmatia June 1891. Around the edge of the medal starting at the six o'clock position is inscribed: * AL RICORDO DELLA PRESENZA DI SUA MAJESTA IMPERA-TORE FRANCESCO GIUSEPPEI. Translation: To commemorate the presence of his majesty Franz Joseph

Weight: Unknown Size: 31 mm

Type of Material: Brass Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaiser manovers 1891)



Date Issued: September 1891

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers in Schwarzenau in 1891

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1891

• These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

• The obverse of this medal is the same as that of the 1893 Maneuvers Medal and the reverse is very similar except for the inscription.

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim at the 10, 2 and 6 o'clock positions are laurel boughs. Inside the laurel boughs are three finely bedded circles forming a triangle. Inside each circle is the bust of one of the rulers of the three nations which took part in the maneuvers: Austrian Emperor Franz Joseph I at the top, Prussian Emperor Wilhelm II at the lower left and Belgium King Albert at the lower right. There is a star at the center of the medal.

Reverse: Inside a raised rim is an inscription that starts at the 7 o'clock position and continues to the 5 o'clock position, following the contour of the medal. The inscription reads: ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAI-SER MANOVER IN SCHWARZENAU 1891. Translation: Commemorating of the Imperial Maneuvers in Schwarzenau 1891. Separating the inscription at the six o'clock position is an asterisk. In the center of the medal are the three coats of arms of the participating countries: Austria, Germany and Belgium. Below the coats of arms are crossed laurel boughs.

Weight: Unknown Size: 30 mm in diameter **Type of Material**: Brass Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

> Case: Unknown Ribbon: Half red and half white

Attachments: None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaiser manovers 1892)



Date Issued: September 1892

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers in Detenic in 1892

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim is the bust of Franz Joseph wearing a victors wreath in his hair, facing to the viewers right. Around the bust starting at the seven o'clock position and ending at the five o'clock position which reads UPOMINKA NA NAVSTEVU JELLO VEL. CISARE A KRALE F.J.I. Translation: Commemorative of the visit of his majesty the emperor and King Franz Joseph I. The beginning and ending of the inscription is separated by a star.

Reverse: Inside a raised rim is a wreath composed of an oak bough on the viewers left and a laurel bough on the viewers right. Inside the wreath is a six line inscription with the second, fifth and sixth lines curved. The inscription reads: ZUR / ERINNERUNG / AN DAS / KAISER MANOVER / DETENIC / 1892. Translation: Commemorating of the Imperial Maneuvers Detenic 1892.

Weight: Unknown **Size:** 33 mm in diameter **Type of Material**: Brass Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Unknown

Attachments: None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1893)



Date Issued: September 21, 1893

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 18-21, 1893 which were held in

Guns Hungary.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1893

• These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, **1893**, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal. He is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal starting at the nine o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. Below the bust is the inscription: PRAGE W.PITTNER WIEN. Translation Prague W. Pittner of Vienna

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in seven lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: ZUR ERINNERUNG/AN DIE/GROSSEN HERBSTMANOVER/ IN/GUNS UNGARN/1893. Translation: to commemorate the grand army maneuvers in Guns Hungary 1893

Weight: 9.5 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter not including the attached eye and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: W. Pittner of Vienna Manufacturer: W. Pittner of Vienna Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1893)





Date Issued: September 21, 1893

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 18-21, 1893 which were held in Guns Hungary.

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1893

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal and that for 1891 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim at the 10, 2 and 6 o'clock positions are laurel boughs. Inside the laurel boughs are three finely bedded circles forming a triangle. Inside each circle is the bust of one of the rulers of the three nations which took part in the maneuvers: Austrian Emperor Franz Joseph I at the top, Prussian Emperor Wilhelm II at the lower left and Belgium King Albert at the lower right. There is a star at the center of the medal.

Reverse: In the center of the medal on a plain field within a fine beaded line are the coats of arms of Germany, Austria and Belgium. Below the coasts of arms are crossed laurel boughs. Around the medal between the fine beaded line and the edge of the medal starting at hte seven o'clock position and ending at the five o'clock position is inscribed: ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DAS GROSSE KAISER MANOVER IN GUNS 1893. Translation: In commemoration of the Grand Imperial maneuver in Guns 1893. Between the beginning and ending of the inscription is an asterisk.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1893)



Date Issued: September 21, 1893

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 18-21, 1893 which were held in Guns Hungary.

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1893

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, **1893**, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal and that for 1891 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A quadrilateral medal with a raised and beaded rim and a hole at the top for attaching a ribbon Obverse: Inside the raised and beaded rim at all four corners of the medal are decorative elements. Inside In the center of the medal is the image of Franz Joseph facing to the right with a laurel victors wreath in his hair. Around the image is a laurel wreath within a pair of fine raised lines. On the inner edge of the inner raised line is a beaded pattern. Around the image of the emperor and within the beaded line is an inscription which starts at the seven o'clock position and ends at the five o'clock position. The inscription reads: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER VON OSTERREICH. Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria.

Reverse: Inside the raised and beaded rim in the lower half of the medal is a stand of arms including flags, cannon and cannon balls. Above the stand of arms is a three line inscription as follows: KAISER MANO-**VER 1893.** Translation: Imperial Maneuver 1893.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White Metal Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown

Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1895)





Date Issued: September 1894

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 1894 which were held in the crown lands.

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, **1894** 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1910, 1909, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal and that for 1895 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a beaded decoration near the rim

Obverse: Inside a beaded decoration on a plain field is a bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I wearing a field marshals uniform with decorations facing to the viewers right. Around the bust and following the contour of the medal starting at the nine o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEF I.**

Reverse: Inside a beaded decoration on a plain field is a six line inscription as follows: ERINNERUNG / AN DIE / GROSSEN MANOVER / IN LANDESKRON/ SEPTEMBER 1894. Translation: To commemorate the grand army maneuvers in the crown lands 1894.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Imperial yellow and black

Attachments: None

Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1895)



Date Issued: September 26, 1895

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 22-26, 1895 which were held at Banffy-Hunyad (now Huedin Romania) in Siebenburgen Hungary.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were five medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1895

• These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, **1895**, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1910, 1909, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I with a laurel wreath in his hair, facing to the viewers right with a star below the bust. Around the bust and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER V. OESTER-**REICH. K.V.UNGARN.** Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria King of Hungary.

Reverse: A stylized plaque on which is inscribed in six lines: ZUR / ERIN-NERUNG /AN D GROSSE / KONIGS-MANOVER / IN UNGARN/1895. Translation: To commemorate the grand army maneuvers in Hungary 1895

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Aluminum Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Red, white and green in equal thirds (Hungarian Colors)

Attachments: None Miniature: None known













(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1895)



Date Issued: September 26, 1895

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 22-26, 1895 which were held at Banffy-Hunyad (now Huedin Romania) in Siebenburgen Hungary.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were five medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1895

• This medal and that for 1896, 1911 and 1912 have the same obverse

• There were two medals issued for this maneuver

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, **1895**, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1910, 1909, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised and beaded rim

Obverse: Inside a raised and beaded rim is the bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in a field marshals uniform, facing to the viewers right. Around the bust and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRENCZ JOZŠEF I.

Reverse: Inside a raised and beaded rim is a plain field on which is inscribed a 12 line inscription some of which is curved. The upper portion of the inscription is in Hungarian and the lower in German. The inscription reads: EMLEKEUL / O FELSEGE A KIRALY / JELENLETENEK AZ / OSZI HADGYAKORLA-TOK / ALKALMAVAL BANFFY-HUNYADON / 1895. SZEPTEMBER. A horizontal decorative element with a star in the center divides the inscriptions at this point followed by **ZUR ERRINERUNG / AN DIE** ANWESANHEIT / SR. MAJESTAT DES KONIGS / BEI DEN HERBST-MANOVER / IN BANFFY-HUNYAD / SEPTEMBER 1895. Translation: In commemoration of the presence of his majesty the king at the autumn maneuvers in Banffy Hunyad September 1895.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White metal Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1895)

Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1895)



Date Issued: September 26, 1895

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of September 22-26, 1895 which were held at

Klausenburg in Transylvania.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were five medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1895

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, **1895**, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1910, 1909, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised and beaded rim

Obverse: Inside a raised and beaded rim is the bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in a field marshals uniform, facing to the viewers right. Around the bust and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANJO JOSIP I.

Reverse: Inside a raised and beaded rim is a plain field on which is inscribed a 12 line inscription some of which is curved. The upper portion of the inscription is in Hungarian and the lower in German. The inscription reads: EMLEKEUL / O. FELSEGE A KIRALY / JELENLETENEK AZ / OSZI HADGYAKORLA-TOK / ALKALMAVAL KOLOZSVAR / 1895. SZEPTEMBER 22. A horizontal decorative element with a star in the center divides the inscriptions at this point followed by ZUR ERRINERUNG / AN DIE AN-WESANHEIT / S. MAJESTAT DES KONIGS / BEI DEN HERBST-MANOVER / IN KLAUSEN-BURG/ 22 SEPTEMBER 1895. Translation: In commemoration of the presence of his majesty the king at the autumn maneuvers in Klausenberg September 22, 1895.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White metal

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers in Budweis 1895)



Date Issued: 1895

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of 1895 which were held in Budweis (now in

Czechoslovakia).

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were five medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1895

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, **1895**, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal and that for 1894 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside a beaded line that follows the contour of the is a bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in uniform with decorations facing to the viewer's right. Behind the bust is inscribed: FRANZ and in front of the bust is inscribed JOSEP I.

Reverse: Inside a raised rim is inscribed in five lines, the first of which follows the contour of the medal: ERINNERUNG / AN DIE / GROSSEN / MANOVER 1895 / BUDWEIS KAPLITZ. Between the forth and fifth lines is a decorative element Translation: Commemorating the grand maneuvers in Budweis-Kaplitz in 1895. Below the inscription at the 6 o'clock position is the word **TOMBACK** (Brass alloy)

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Brass alloy Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown **Ribbon:** Unknown

> **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals 1895 Imperial Army Maneuvers Medal

(medaille an die Kaiserlichmanovers 1895)





Date Issued: 1895

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial army maneuvers of 1895

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were five medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1895

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, **1895**, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A four sided medal with hole drilled at the top to serve as a suspension eye and a raised rim **Obverse:** In the center of the medal is a round medallion with the bust of Emperor Franz Joseph facing to the viewers right. Around the bust is inscribed, starting at the eight o'clock position and ending at the five o'clock position: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER VON OESTERREICH. Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria. Below the bust at the six o'clock position is a star. Around the medallion with the bust is a laurel wreath. In each corner of the medal is a decorative element. The rim of the medal is decorated with a fine beaded line.

Reverse: On a plain field is an inscription in three lines which reads KAISER / MANOVER / 1895. Translation: Imperial Maneuver 1895. Beneath the inscription is a trophy of arms featuring crossed cannons, four flags and a stand of cannon balls. The rim of the medal is decorated with a fine beaded line.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White metal Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1896



Date Issued: September 16, 1896

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial autumn maneuvers which were held September 1-16, 1896 at

Csakathurrn, (Moscisca (Galizia)

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1896

- This medal and that for 1895, 1911 and 1912 have the same obverse
- There were two medals issued for this maneuver: one for Austrians and the other for the Hungarians who participated.
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, **1896**, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None Known

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing a field marshals uniform with decorations, Around the image and following the contour of the medal starting at the nine o'clock position and ending at the three o'clock position is inscribed: I FERENCZ JOZSEFF. Around the edge of the medal between the edge and the inscription is a fine beaded line. At the bottom of the medal at the five o'clock position is the name of the medalist **W. PITTNER**.

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed a twelve line inscription some of which is curved. The upper portion of the inscription is in Hungarian and the lower in German. The inscription reads: O FELSEGE A KIRALYNAK/AZ OSZI HADGYAKORLATOKON/ VALO JELEKLETE/ EMLEKEUL/ CSAKTORNYAN. A symbol divides the inscriptions at this point followed by ZUR ERRINERUNG DIE ANWESANHEIT / SR. MAJESTAT DES KONIGS / BEI DEN HERBST MANOVER / IN CSA-**KATHURN** / **SEPTEMBER 1896**. Translation: In commemoration of the presence of his majesty the king at the autumn maneuvers in Csakathurn September 1896. Around the edge of the medal is a fine beaded line

Weight: Unknown **Size:** 29.4 mm

> Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1896

Designer: Wilhelm Pittner of Vienna **Manufacturer:** Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1896





Date Issued: September 16, 1896

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial autumn maneuvers which were held September 1-16, 1896 at

Csakathurrn, (Moscisca (Galizia)

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1896

- This medal and the two issued for the 1897 maneuvers have the same obverse.
- There were two medals issued for this maneuver: one for Austrians and the other for the Hungarians who participated.
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, **1896**, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None Known

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing a victors laurel wreath, tied at the back with a ribbon, in his hair. Around the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER V. OESTERREICH K.V UNGARN. Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria King of Hungary. Separating the beginning and end of the inscription is a star. Around the edge of the medal between the edge and the inscription is a fine beaded line.

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed an eleven line inscription. The upper portion of the inscription is in German and the lower in A Slavic language. The inscription reads: ZER/ ERINNERUNG/AN D. GROSSE/ KAISERMANUVVER/ IN GALIZIAN/SEPTEMBER 1896. Translation: In commemoration of the great Kaiser maneuvers in Galicia September 1896. Below this inscription is a line with a dote in the middle that separates it from the Rumanian inscription: PAMIATKA/ CESARSKIE MANEWRY / W. GA-LICYI. W/ WRZESNIU/ 1896. Around the medal is a stylized circle composed of four interconnecting lines.

Weight: 12.5 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter not including the raised eye at the top

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1896)

Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown







Semi-official Military Medals Hoch-und-Deutchmeister Regiment Jubilee Medal



(Hoch-und-Deutchmeister Regimentsjubilaumsmedaille)



Date Issued: 1896

Reason Issued: To commemorate the 200th anniversary of the establishment of the Lower Austrian Royal and Imperial Infantry Regiment "Hoch-und

Deutchmeister" No.4.

Classes or Types: Three: Gold Medal, Silver Medal and Bronze Medal

Interesting Facts: None known **Hallmarks:** None Known

Design: A round medal with raised edges and a suspension eye.

Obverse: Two oblong medallions the tops of which are leaning outwards. The left medallion has the portrait of Count Ludwig of Bavaria facing to the right and wearing a cloak and bearing the insignia of the Hoch and Deutchmeister. Above the bust is inscribed FRANZ LUDWIG HERZOG V BAV-**ERN**. Translation: Franz Ludwig Duke of Bavaria. The right medallion has the image of Archduke Eugen facing to the right and wearing a cloak with the insignia of the Hoch and Deutchmeister. Above the bust is inscribed ERZHERZOG EUGEN V. OSTERREICH. Translation: Archduke Eugen ov Austria. Between and above the medallions is the all seeing eye in a triangle with rays emitting from it. Below the medallions on either side are laurel branches. Below the medallions and the laurel branches is the coat of arms of the German Knights above four crossed flags on sponsons, two on each side. Around all of these images is a raised circle. Between the circle and the raised edge of the medal is an inscription: DEN KAMERADEN ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DAS 200 JAHRIG JUBILAM DES REGI-**MENTS.** Translation: The comrades commemorate the 200 year jubilee of the regiment.

Bronze Medal







Image courtesy of Dorotheum





Semi-official Military Medals Hoch-und-Deutchmeister Regiment Jubilee Medal



(Hoch-und-Deutchmeister Regimentsjubilaumsmedaille)



Silver Medal

Reverse: Inside a raised rim is an elaborate plaque with the bust of Franz Joseph I surrounded by an oak wreath at the top. The plaque has two finials in the form of the imperial eagle. On the plaque is inscribed in four lines: K.U.K. HOCH / DEUTHCHMEISTERINFT.REG.NO.4 / 1696. 1896. Translation: Imperial and Royal Hoch Deutchmeister Infantry Regiment Number 4 1696 to 1896. On either side of the plaque stands an allegorical soldier. The soldier on the left is dressed in the uniform worn in 1696 while the one on the right is wearing the uniform of 1896. Below the plaque is the Habsburg eagle. On the inner edge of the medal near the foot of the soldier is the name of the medalist Schwerdtner (Karl Schwerdtner 1896-1918)

Weight:

Gold Medal: 28.2 gramsSilver Medal: Unknown

• Bronze Medal: 23-28.5 grams **Size:** 37.5-38 mm in diameter

Type of Material: Bronze gilt, bronze

Variations: None known Designer: Karl Schwerdtner Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: The ribbon is sky blue with narrow red, white, red stripes in the

center

Attachments: None **Miniature:** None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1897)



Date Issued: 1897

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers which took place in 1897 which was held in Mora-

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1897

• This medal the 1896 and the other 1897 maneuver medal have the same obverse. .

• These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, **1897**, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing a victors laurel wreath, tied at the back with a ribbon, in his hair. Around the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER V. OESTERREICH K.V UNGARN. Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria King of Hungary. Separating the beginning and end of the inscription is a star. Around the edge of the medal between the edge and the inscription is a fine beaded line.

Reverse: On the reverse is a medallion with three points and three curves which compose its outline. Within the medallion is a eight line inscription in two languages. The inscription is separated into two parts by a horizontal line with a star in the center. The upper inscription reads: ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAISER MANOVER IN MAHREN. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Moravia. The lower inscription reads: UPOMINKA NA CISARSKE MANOVRY NA MORAVE 1897. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Moravia. Near the edge of the medal at the two, three, six, nine and 10 o'clock positions are asterisks.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Black and imperial yellow

Attachments: None Miniature: None known







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1897)





Date Issued: 1897

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held in Moravia in 1897

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1897 • This medal the 1896 and the other 1897 maneuver medal have the same obverse.

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, **1897**, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing a victors laurel wreath, tied at the back with a ribbon, in his hair. Around the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. KAISER V. OESTERREICH K.V UNGARN. Translation: Franz Joseph I Emperor of Austria King of Hungary. Separating the beginning and end of the inscription is a star. Around the edge of the medal between the edge and the inscription is a fine beaded line.

Reverse: Inside a beaded decoration near the rim of the medal is a plain field on which is an eight line inscription in two languages. The inscription is separated into two parts by a horizontal line with a star in the center. The upper inscription reads: ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAISER MANOVER IN MAHREN. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Moravia. The lower inscription reads: UPOMINKA NA CISARSKE MANOVRY NA MORAVE 1897. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneu-

vers in Moravia. Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown **Ribbon:** Unknown

> **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1897)



Date Issued: 1897

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held in Moravia in 1897

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1897

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, **1897**, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached spade shaped eye and a raised and beaded rim

Obverse: Inside a raised and beaded rim are the busts of Emperor Franz Joseph I and Emperor Wilhelm II of Germany in uniform facing to the viewers right with Franz Joseph in the foreground. Around the images and following the contour of the medal starting at the nine o'clock position and ending at the three o'clock position is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I. WILHELM II.

Reverse: Inside a beaded decoration near the rim of the medal is a plain field on which is a scene of cavalry and infantry troops in the field. Above the scene is a four line inscription the first three lines of which are curved. The inscription reads: ERINNER. A. D. KAISER MANOV. I. TOTIS / EMLEK A TATA KIRALYI / HADGYAKORLATOKRA / 1897. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Totis.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White metal

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1897)



Date Issued: 1897

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held in Moravia in 1897

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

• There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1897

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, **1897**, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A quadrilateral medal with a small hole for attaching it to the ribbon in the top corner and a beaded

Obverse: Inside a beaded rim is a round medallion with a raised finely lined rim with the bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I with a laurel victors wreath in his hair facing to the viewers right within it. In each corner of the medal is a triangle with a laurel bough within it.

Reverse: Inside a beaded rim is a partially round medallion with a scene of artillery troops within it. In the three and nine o'clock corner of the medal is a triangle with a laurel bough within it. At the six o'clock position is a triangle formed by a raised bead design within which is the date 1897. At the 12 o'clock position on the medal is a two line inscription which reads: **KAISER MANOVER.** Translation: Imperial Maneuver.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: White metal Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1898)



Date Issued: 1898

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held in Leutschau in 1898

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, **1898**, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside a raised rim on a plain field are the busts of the Emperor Franz Joseph I as he appeared in 1898 and as he appeared in 1848 facing to the viewers left in uniform with decorations. The more contemporary image of the emperor is in the forground. Around the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANC. IOS. I. D. G. AVST, IMPER. Translation: Franz Joseph I with the grace of God Austrian Emperor. Separating the beginning and end of the inscription is a star. Around the edge of the medal between the edge and the inscription is a fine beaded line.

Reverse: Inside a beaded decoration near the rim of the medal is a plain field on which is an 11 line inscription in two languages. The first and last line of the inscription is curved to match the contour of the medal. The inscription is separated into two parts by a horizontal decorative element in the center of the medal. The upper inscription reads: ERINNERUNG A. D. KAISERMANOVER B. LEUTSCHAU / I. JUBILAUMS JAHR / 1898. Translation: Commemoration of the imperial maneuver in Leutschau in the jubilee year 1898. The lower inscription reads: EMLEK / A LOCSE / HADGYAKOR, LATROL / O FELSEGE A / KIRAL-YUNKELOTT / 1898 VIGALOMEVBEN. Translation: Commemoration of the imperial maneuver in Leutschau in the jubilee year 1898

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals Santa Lucia Commemoration Medal



(Santa Lucia Erinnerungsmedaille)

Date Issued: September 1899

Reason Issued: To commemorate the 50 year jubilee of the first time the Emperor Franz Joseph I was under

fire

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: None known

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with an attached wire eye

Obverse: The bust of a young Franz Joseph I in uniform. Around the busts is inscribed ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DIE FEURTAUFE ZU ST. LUCIA AM 8, MAI 1848. Translation: To commemorate the baptism by

fire at St. Lucia on May 8, 1848.

Reverse: The bust of the old Emperor in uniform. The medal is inscribed: **ZUM 50 JAHR REGIER-UNGSJUBILAUM -2 DECEMBER 1899**. Translation: The 50 year jubilee of the reign—December 2, 1899

Weight: Unknown
Size: 30 mm in diameter
Type of Material: Gilt Bronze
Variations: None known
Designer: Unknown
Manufacturer: Unknown
Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: A white ribbon with red edge stripes

Attachments: None **Miniature:** None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1899)



Date Issued: September 3, 1899

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers which took place between August 30 and September 3, 1899 which were held near Reichstadt, Bohemia

Classes or Types: Two: Silver Medal and Bronze Medal

Interesting Facts:

- Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908
- There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1899
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, **1899**, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal the other for 1899 and that for 1900, 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of the drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of a drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEF I.











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1899)



Reverse: On the reverse is a depiction of a mountain landscape with massed troops in front of it and cavalry in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in a curved line at the top: ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAISERMAN-OVER below which in a straight line is inscribed REICHSTADT 1899. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Reichstadt in 1899

Weight:

Silver Medal: Unknown • Bronze Medal: Unknown

Size: 30 mm

Type of Material: Silver and bronze

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1899)



Date Issued: September 3, 1899

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers which took place between August 30 and September 3, 1899 which were held near Reichstadt, Bohemia

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

• There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1899

- This medal and one of the 1900 maneuver medals share the same obverse
- The language used on this version of the Reichstadt maneuver medal is Czech
- There were two medals issued for this maneuver
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal the other for 1899 and that for 1900, 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of the drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of a drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANTISEK JOSEF I.**

Reverse: On the reverse is a depiction of a mountain landscape with massed troops in front of it and cavalry in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in a curved line at the top: **UPOMINKA NA CISARSKE MA-NEVERY** below which in a straight line is inscribed **1899 ZAKOPY**. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Reichstadt in 1899

Weight: Unknown Size: 30 mm

Type of Material: bronze

Variations: None known Designer: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1899)

Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Klagenfurt Kaisermanovers 1899)





Date Issued: September 19, 1899

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers which took place between September 18 and 19, 1899 in Klagenfurt, Carinthia

Classes or Types: Two, Bronze Medal and White Metal Medal

- Interesting Facts:
- This medal the 1899 Reichstadt medal and the two for 1900, and that for the 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse
- This medal the 1899 Horn medal and that for 1900, 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse
- There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1899
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEF I.**

Reverse: On the reverse is a depiction of troops in front of which are officers on horseback including the emperor. The medal is inscribed in two lines the first of which is curved to follow the contour of the edge of the medal. The inscription reads: **ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAISER MANOVER/ KLAGENFURT 1899**. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Klagenfurt 1899.

Weight:

WhiteMetal Medal: Unknown

• Bronze Medal: Unknown

Size: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Klagenfurt Kaisermanovers 1899)



Type of Material: White metal and bronze

Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Horn Kaisermanovers 1899)



Date Issued: 1899

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers which took place in Horn in Lower Austria

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: This medal the 1899 Klagenfurt and Reichstadt medal and the two for 1900, and that for the 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse

• There were also manuvers in Horn in 1901.

There were four medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1899

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, **1899**, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEF I.

Reverse: On the reverse is a depiction of troops in front of which are officers on horseback including the emperor. The medal is inscribed in two lines the first of which is curved to follow the contour of the edge of the medal. The inscription reads: ERINNERUNG AN DAS KAISER MANOVER/ HORN 1899. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Horn 1899.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1900)





Date Issued: September 15, 1900

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 11-15 1900 which were held in Jaslo

(Cracow), Galicia

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908

- There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1900
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, **1900**, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal the two for 1899 and that for 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I.

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three curved lines: ERINNERUNG AN DIE KAISER MANOVER/ IN JASLO GALIZIEN/SEPTEMBER 1900. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Jaslo Galicia September 1900

Weight: 12.5 grams

Size: 30 mm 3 mm thick Type of Material: Bronze









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1900)





Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1900)



Date Issued: September 15, 1900

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 11-15 1900 which were held in Jaslo

(Cracow), Galicia

Classes or Types: One • Interesting Facts:

• There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1900

- This medal and one of the 1899 maneuver medals share the same obverse
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, **1900**, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914
- This medal the two for 1899 and that for 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908 share the same obverse Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANCISZEK JOZEF I.

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three curved lines: PAMIATKA MANEWROW CESARSKICH / W JASLE GALYCIA / WRZESIEN 1900. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Jaslo Galicia September 1900

Weight: 12.5 grams Size: 30 mm 3 mm thick

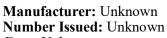
> Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1900)











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)





Date Issued: September 16, 1901

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12-16, 1901 which were held in

Dolni-Miholjac Gorcsony Hungary

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1901

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, **1901**, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim **Obverse:** A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor's image is above two crossed flags and a drum superimposed over a laurel bough. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FERENCZ JOSZEF I.** (Franz Joseph I in Hungarian)











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)



Reverse: On a plain field is a twelve line inscription some of which is curved. The upper portion of the inscription is in Hungarian and the lower in German. The inscription reads: EMLEKUL / O FELSEGE KIŘALY / JELEŇLETE ALKALMABOL / A / DOLNI-ŇIHOLJAC. GORCSONYI / OSZIGYA-KORLATOKNAL / SZEPTEMBER HOBAN 1901. A symbol divides the inscriptions at this point followed by ZUR ERRINERUNG DIE ANWESANHEIT / SR. MAJESTAT DES KONIGS / BEI DEN HERBST, MANOVER / IN DOLNI -NIHOLJIC GORCOSONY / SEPTEMBER 1901. Translation: In commemoration of the presence of his majesty the king at the autumn maneuvers in Dolni-Niholjic Gorscosny September 1901.

Weight: 11.4 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)



Date Issued: September 16, 1901

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12-16, 1901 which were held in

Dolni-Miholjac Gorcsony Hungary

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908

• There were three medals issued for the 1901 maneuvers

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, **1901**, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor's image is above two crossed flags and a drum superimposed over a laurel bough. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FERENCZ JOSZEF I.** (Franz Joseph I in Hungarian)

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three curved lines: EMLEKEZET A DOLNI-MIHOLJACI / ES PECSI OSZI HADGYAKORLATOKRA / 1901 SZEPTEMBER HAVABAN. Translation: In commemoration of the Dolni-Miholjac and Pecs Osz Military Manuvers in the snow of September 1901.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)



Date Issued: September 16, 1901

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12-16, 1901 which were held in Dolni-Miholjac Gorcsony Hungary

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908

- There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1901
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, **1901**, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor's image is above two crossed flags and a drum superimposed over a laurel bough. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEF I.** (Franz Joseph I)

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three curved lines: ERINNERUNG AN DIE HERBSTMANOVER / IN DOLNI-MIHOLJAC U. FUNFKIRCHEN/ SEPTEMBER 1901. Translation: In commemoration of the autumn maneuvers in Dolni-Miholjac and Funfkirchen September 1901.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Red **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)



Date Issued: September 16, 1901

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held in Horn Lower Austria.

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903,

1907 and 1908

• There was also maneuvers held in Horn in 1899.

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1901

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, **1901**, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor's image is above two crossed flags and a drum superimposed over a laurel bough. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEF I.** (Franz Joseph I)

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three curved lines: ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DIE KAISERMANO-**VER BEI HORN/ SEPTEMBER 1901.** Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Horn-September 1901.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Sassin Kaisermanovers 1902)





Date Issued: September 16, 1902

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12-16, 1902 which were joint maneuvers with Germany and were held in Saxony.

Classes or Types: Two: Silver Medal and Bronze Medal **Interesting Facts:**

- There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1902
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The image on the reverse of this medal is the same as that on the medal for 1900
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, **1902**, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small stretched loop attached eye and a raised

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder in the foreground. In the background is the bust of Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm of Germany wearing a Field Marshal's uniform. Behind Franz Joseph's head in the upper portion of the medal and following its contour is inscribed in two lines: KAISER-KONIG / FRANZ JOSEPH I.

KRONPRINZ. Translation: Friedrich Wilhelm German Crown











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Sassin Kaisermanovers 1901)



Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in three lines the first of which is curved: ZUR ERINNERUNG AN DIE KAISER MANOVER/ BEI SASSIN / SEPTEMBER 1902. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Sassin in September 1902.

Weight: 14.2 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick Type of Material: Nickel alloy and bronze

Variations: None known **Designer:** Wilhelm Pittner Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Half white and half blue, with the white on the left

Attachments: None Miniature: None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1902)



Date Issued: September 16, 1902

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12-16, 1902 which were joint maneuvers with Germany and were held in Sasvar.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

- There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1902
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The image on the reverse of this medal is the same as that on the medal for 1900
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, **1902**, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small stretched loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder in the foreground. In the background is the bust of Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm of Germany wearing a Field Marshal's uniform.

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed a 13 line inscription some of which is curved. The upper portion of the inscription is in Hungarian and the lower in German. The inscription reads: O FELSEGE A KIRALY/ ES A / NEMET TRONOROKOS JELENLETEBEN / 1902 EV SZEPTEMBER HAVABAN / SASVAR VIDEKEN MEGTARTOTT / OSZI HADGYAKORLATOK / EMLEKEUL. A symbol divides the inscriptions at this point followed by ZUR ERRINERUNG / AN DIE ANWESANHEIT / SR. MAJESTAT DES KONIGS UND/ DES DEUTSCHEN KRONPRINZEN BEI/ D. HERBST-MANOVERN IN SAS-SIN / IM SEPTEMBER 1902. Translation: In commemoration of the presence of his majesty the king and the German crown prince at the autumn maneuvers in Sassin in September 1902.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1901)

Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Sasvar Kaisermanovers 1902)





Date Issued: 1902

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1902 which were held in Sasvar in Slovakia.

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: There were three medals issued for this maneuver

- There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1902
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The image on the reverse of this medal is the same as that on the medal for 1900
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, **1902**, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small stretched loop attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder. Reverse: On a plain field is an inscription in four lines: ERINNERUNG / AN DIE / KAISER-MANOVER/ SASVAR 1902. Translation: commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Sasvar 1902.

Weight: 14.2 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaiserseemanovers 1902)





Date Issued: September 5, 1902

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial sea maneuvers of September 1-5, 1902 which were held near

Pola

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: This medal and the one for 1905 and 1906 share the same obverse

- These medals were probably issued to the sailors who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and are therefore considered to be a semi-official award
- The 1891 Sea Maneuvers are the forth of four known sea maneuvers which occurred in 1882, 1891, 1895 and 1902. The emperor attended all four maneuvers

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a flat round attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder in the foreground. Behind Franz Joseph's head in the upper portion of the medal and following its contour is inscribed: FRANCISCUS. In front of the bust is inscribed: FRIEDRICH JOSEPHUS I.

Reverse: On a plain field is inscribed in ten lines the first and last of which are curved an inscription in German and Italian with the German inscription on the top: ZUR ERINNERUNG /AN DIE / GROSSEN / KAISER SEEMANOVER/ BEI POLA 1902. Translation: In commemoration of the Grand Imperial Sea Maneuvers near Pola 1902. Between this inscription and the one on the bottom half of the medal is a decorative element. Below it is inscribed: JB RICARDO / ALLE GRANDI / MANOVRE IMPERIALL MARI-

TIME / PRESSO / POLLA 1902

Weight: Unknown

Size: 29 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Unknown Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1903)



Date Issued: September, 1903

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial high alpine maneuvers of September 1903 held at Lippa and Radna.

Classes or Types: One

- Interesting Facts: Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, **1903**, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANZ JOSEPH I.

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in two curved lines as follows: ZUR ERINNERUNG A.D. GROSSE KONIGSMANOVER / BEI LIPPA U.M. RADNA SEPTEMBER 1903. Translation: In commemoration of the Grand royal maneuvers held in Lippa and Radna September 1903.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1903)



Date Issued: September, 1903

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial high alpine maneuvers of September 1903 held at Lippa and Radna.

Classes or Types: One

- **Interesting Facts:** Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The emperor is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEPH I.**

Reverse: On a plain field is a depiction of soldiers in the field with their officers mounted on horses in the foreground. The medal is inscribed in two curved lines as follows: **ZUR ERINNERUNG A.D. GROSSE KONIGSMANOVER / BEI LIPPA U.M. RADNA SEPTEMBER 1903**. Translation: In commemoration of the Grand royal maneuvers held in Lippa and Radna September 1903.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1905)



Bronze Medal

Date Issued: August 30, 1905

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial high alpine maneuvers of August 27-30, 1905 held near Romeno, in the Tyrol

Classes or Types: Two: Bronze Medal and White Metal Medal

- Interesting Facts: This medal and the one for 1902 and 1906 share the same obverse
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, **1905**, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and decorations on the left breast. In addition he is wearing a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: FRANCOSCUS JOSEPHUS I











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1905)



White Metal Medal

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in seven lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: ZUR ERINNERUNG/A.D. / KAISERMANOVER BEI ROMENO 1905. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Romeno 1905. This is followed by a stylized divider and then the inscription repeated in Italian, RICORDO DELLE GRANDE MANOVERE PRESSO ROMENO 1905.

Weight:

• Bronze Medal: 14.2 grams • White Metal Medal: Unknown

Size: 28.5 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick Type of Material: Bronze and white metal

Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Half black and half yellow, with the yellow on the right

Attachments: None Miniature: None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1906)





Date Issued: September 4, 1906

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers held from August 30-September 4, 1906 held in

Teschen in the Austrian portion of Silesia

Classes or Types: Two: A Bronze Medal and a White Metal Medal

Interesting Facts:

• This medal and the one for 1902 and for 1905 share the same obverse

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, **1906**, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all

maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small loop shaped attached eye and a raised rim **Obverse:** A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and decorations on the left breast. In addition he is wearing a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANCOSCUS JOSEPHUS I**









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1906)



Reverse: On a plain field is inscribed in ten lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: ZUR ERINNERUNG/A.D. / GROSSE / KAISERMANOVER / BEI TESCHEN 1906. Translation: In commemoration of the grand imperial maneuvers in Teschen 1906. This is followed by a stylized divider and then the inscription repeated in Czechoslovak, PAMIATKA / O WIELKICH / CESARSKICH MANEWRACH / OKOLICE / CIESZYNA 1906.

Weight: 11.6 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown











Semi-official Military Medals Hoch and Deutchmeister Regiment Memorial Commemoration Medal



(Gedenkmedaille an das Hoch und Deutchmeisterdenkmal)





Date Issued: October 28, 1906

Reason Issued: To commemorate the unveiling of the Hoch and Deutchmeister Regiment memorial in Vienna

on September 29, 1906 Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:** None Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a raised rim and an attached flat suspension eye.

Obverse: Inside the raised rim is a depiction of the Hoch and Deutchmeister memorial surrounded on two

sides by laurel boughs.

Reverse: The reverse of the medal has an inscription in ten lines the first of which follows the contour of the medal. The inscription reads ZUR ERINNERUNG/ AN DIE/ ENTHULLUNG/ DES/ DEUTCHMEIS-TER/ DENKMALS/ IN / WIEN/29 SEPTEMBER / 1906. Translation: To Commemorate the Unveiling of the Deutchmeister Monument in Vienna on September 29, 1906.

Weight: Unknown Size: 38 mm in diameter Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Blue with narrow red-white-red center stripes

Attachments: None Miniature: None known









Semi-official Military Medals

Wurttemberg Infantry Regiment 122, 100 Year Anniversary Commemoration Medal

(Württembergisches Infanterieregiment 122 Gedenkmedaille zum 100-jährigen Jubiläum)







Date Issued: 1906

Reason Issued: To commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Wurttemberg Infantry Regiment Number 122.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:** None Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a raised beaded rim and an attached wire suspension eye.

Obverse: Inside the raised beaded rim is a second beaded circle. Inside that circle is a contemporary portrait of Franz Joseph facing to the viewers left. Around the medal starting and ending at the six o'clock position is the following inscription: KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH V. OESTR KONIG V. UNGARN. Translation: Emperor Franz Joseph of Austria King of Hungary. The beginning and ending of the inscription are separated by a star. **Reverse:** Inside the raised beaded rim is a laurel wreath tied at the bottom with a bow. Within the wreath is a four line inscription as follows: JAHRUNDERT/FEIER/D. REGIMENTS/ 1806-1906. Translation: One hundred year anniversary of the regiment 1806-1906. Around the medal starting and ending at the six o'clock position is the following inscription: 4. WURTT. JNF. REGT. NO. 122 KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH V. OESTER. KONIG V. UNGARN. Translation: The Wurttemberg Infantry Regiment number 122 Emperor Franz Joseph of Austria King of Hungary. The beginning and end of the inscription is separated by a rosette.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown







Semi-official Military Medals Bavaria Infantry Regiment 13, 100 Year Anniversary Commemoration Medal



(Bayern Infanterieregiment 13 Gedenkmedaille zum 100-jährigen Jubiläum)





Date Issued: 1906

Reason Issued: To commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Bavarian Infantry Regiment Number 13.

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: When this medal was issued in 1906, Franz Joseph was the proprietor of the regiment

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a raised rim and an attached round suspension eye.

Obverse: Inside the raised beaded rim is an allegoric scene with a seated god wearing a victors wreath in his hair facing to the viewers left. He holds a laurel bough in his right hand and a furled flag in his left. Lying behind the seated figure is a lion. To the viewers right of the figure are the dates 1806 and 1906 one above the other. Around the medal starting at the seven o'clock position and ending at the six o'clock position is the following inscription: K.B.13 INFANTERIE.REGIMENT.KAISER-FRANZ .JOSEPH.V.OSTERREICH . Translation: Royal Bayarian 13th Infantry Regiment, Emperor Franz Joseph of Austria. Directly below the gods feet is the name of the medalist.

Reverse: Inside the raised rim in the center of the medal is the Bavarian coat of arms. Around the coat of arms is a raised fine line. Around the edge of the 12 o'clock position is a series of dates interspersed with decorative elements. The dates are: 1806, 1809, 1812-13,1818, 1848-50, 1868.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown **Number Issued:** Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Unknown, The example pictures is suspended from a purple cord.

Attachments: None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals 7th Army Fencing Tournament in Budapest Medal



(Medaille des Fechtturniers der 7. Armee in Budapest)





Date Issued: 1906

Reason Issued: To commemorate the 7th Army Fencing Tournament held in Budapest in 1906

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:** None Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a raised rim and an attached flat round suspension eye.

Obverse: Inside the raised rim is a depiction of a knight with shield and sword fighting a dragon.

Reverse: The reverse of the medal has in its center crossed swords, point down. Surrounding the swords at the top of the medal is the inscription VII. ARMEEFEFECHTTURNIER. and below the swords in two lines is the inscription 1906/BUDAPEST. Translation: VII Army Fencing Tournament 1906 Budapest.

Weight: Unknown

Size: 37 mm

Type of Material: White metal Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1907)





Date Issued: September 7, 1907

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 4-7, 1907 held near Klagenfurt in

Carinthia

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

• Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The obverse of this medal is the same as the medal issued for the 1900 maneuvers medal
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, **1907**, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. The bust rests on a trophy of arms composed of a drum and four flags, two of which are on each side of the drum. He is also wearing a grand cordon over his right shoulder. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANZ JOSEPH I.**









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1907)



Reverse: On a plain field is inscribed in six lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: ZUR ERINNERUNG/A. DAS / GROSSE / KAISERMANOVER / BEI KLA-GENFURT / 1907. Translation: In commemoration of the grand imperial maneuvers in Klagenfurt 1907.

Weight: 11.6 grams

Size: 29.5 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: Half white and half red, with the red on the right

Attachments: None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1908)



Date Issued: September, 1908

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September, 1908 held in Vesprem

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

- Maneuver medals for the following years share the same obverse 1899, 1900, 1901, 1903, 1907 and 1908
- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The obverse of this medal is the same as the medal issued for the 1900 maneuvers medal
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, **1908**, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and the 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed FERENCZ. JOZSEF. Below the bust are crossed flags and laurel boughs.

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in twelve lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: EMLEKUL/ O FELSEGE A CSASZAR ES / KIRALY JELEN-LÊTE ALKALMABOL / A VESZPREMI / NAGY HADGYAKOR LATOKNAL / 1908 SEPTEMBER HAVABAN. Below this inscription is a line with a dot in the center. Below the line is inscribed ZUR ERIN-NERUNG/AN DIE ANWESÊNHEIT / SR MAJESTAT DES KAISERS UND / KONIGS BEI DEN GROSSEN/ ARMEE MANOVERN IN VESZPREM / SEPTEMBER 1908. Translation: In commemoration of the attendance of his majesty the emperor and king at the great army maneuvers in Veszprem September 1908.









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1908)

Weight: 11.6 grams

Size: 29 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown
Ribbon: Unknown
Attachments: None
Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals Travnick Medal

(Travnick Medaille)



Date Issued: 1909

Reason Issued: To commemorate the winter campaign in Bosnia in 1908.

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: None known Hallmarks: None known

Design: A round medal with an attached loop shaped suspension eye and a raised rim. The medal has a cut out

circle at the top in which is placed a star.

Obverse: Inside a raised rim is a medal shaped like an upturned crescent with its ends meeting at the top. The surface of this portion of the medal is textured. Inscribed on the crescent portion is the following inscription in two lines: 2/75 FIELDBATILION/ TRAVNIK. Above this inscription is a circle cut out of the medal. This

circle has a raised rim within which is a plain six pointed star.

Reverse: Unknown Size: 28.5 mm in diameter Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: A white ribbon with wide red borders

Attachments: None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1909)





Date Issued: 1909

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 8-11, 1909 held near Gross-

Meseritsch Moravia Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Hungarian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, **1909**, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim Obverse: Inside the raised and beaded rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the background facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and decorations on the left breast. In the foreground is the bust of Wilhelm II of Germany. He is wearing the uniform of a German Field Marshal. Behind his head is inscribed WILHELM II while in front of Franz Joseph's bust is inscribed FRANZ JOSEF I.











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1909)



Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in nine lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: ZUR ERINNERUNG/A.D. / KAISERMANOVER / BEI GR. MESERITSCH IN MAHREN 1909. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Moravia 1909. Below a stylized divider the inscription: KUPOMINCE NA / CISARSKE MANEVRY / U VELK. **MEZIRICI NA MORAVE 1909**

Weight: 11.6 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze

Variations: This medal came in a bright metal version and a dull bronze version

Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: White with orange side stripes

Attachments: None Miniature: None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1910)



Date Issued: 1910

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1910

Classes or Types: One

• Interesting Facts: There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1910

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Hungarian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, **1910**, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small spade shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is the image of a goddess facing to the viewers left and holding a sword in her right hand and a shield with the imperial coat of arms in her left. Next to the shield is a crown. Around the upper half of the medal is inscribed EIN REICH, EIN VOLK, EIN GOTT. Translation: One empire, one people, one God.

Reverse: Inside the raised rim on a plain field is a stand of arms. Above which is inscribed: GOTT MIT UNS. Translation: God with us. Around the ventral image and the inscription is a fine raised line. Between this line and the edge of the medal is an inscription starting at the eight o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position which reads as follows: **ŽUR ERINNERUNG AN DAS MANOVER.** Translation: In commemoration of the maneuver. At the bottom of the medal at the six o'clock position is the date 1910.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1910)



Date Issued: 1910

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1910

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1910

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Hungarian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small spade shaped attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: A bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck and decorations on the left breast. In addition he is wearing a grand cordon sash over the right shoulder. Around the upper portion of the image and following the contour of the medal is inscribed: **FRANJO JOSIP I. FPANO JOCNP 1** (from the Cyrillic).

Reverse: Inside the raised rim on a plain field in the center of the medal is the Bosnian Coat of arms. Below it is written **30./V.-6./VI.1910.** Following the contour of the medal on the viewers left in two lines is inscribed: **USPOMENA NA / CARSKO-KARLJEVSKU POSJETU.** Translation: In commemoration of the visit of the emperor to Bosnia. Following the contour of the medal on the viewers right in two lines is a Cyrillic inscription. At the bottom of the medal at the six o'clock position is an asterisk.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1911)



Date Issued: 1911

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12, 1911 held near Sztropko, Hunga-

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

- There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1911
- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian, Hungarian and Slovakian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, **1911**, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the foreground facing to the viewers left and wearing the uniform of an Austrian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the background is the bust of Franz Ferdinand wearing the uniform of an Austrian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed FRANC. JOSEPHUS I.

FRANC.FERDINANDUS D. ESTE

Reverse: A field composed of two concentric circles the inner most of which is 18 mm in diameter and the outer circle extends 5 mm in width from the edge of the medal, In the top half of the outer circle is inscribed in two lines: EMLEK A NAGYHADGYAKORLATROL / SZTROPKO MEL-LETT 1911. In the bottom half of the outer circle in three lines is the inscription: NA PAMIATKE

WIELKICH MANEWROW / WOJSKOWYCH KOLO / SZRÓPKOWA W ROKU 1911. In the inner circle in 5 lines is the inscription: **ZUR ERINNERUNG / A.D. /** ARMEEMANOVER / BEI / SZTROPKO 1911. Translation: Commemorate the army maneuvers at Sztropko in 1911.









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1911)



Weight: 11.6 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Green **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1911)



Date Issued: 1911

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of September 12, 1911 held near Sztropkov, Hun-

Classes or Types: Two

- Interesting Facts: This medal and that for 1895, 1896 and 1912 have the same obverse
- There were two medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1911
- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian, Hungarian and Slovakian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, **1911**, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all of the maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed I. FERENCZ. JOZSEF. Outside the inscription near the edge of the medal is a fine beaded line.

• Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in ten lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: A FELSOMAGYARORSZAGI SZTROPPKO FELSOVIZKOZ / and then below three dots MELLETTI/ KIRALYHADGYAKORLATOK / EMLEKEUL/ 1911. SZEPTEMBER 12 below this inscription is a line with a dote in the center below which is inscribed ZUR ERINNERUNG /AN DIE GROSSEN KAISERMANOVER / IN OBERUNGARN/BEI SZTROPKO FELSOVIZKOZ / below this line are three dots followed by AM 12 SEPTEMBER 1911. Translation: In commemoration of the great Imperial Maneuvers in Upper Hungary near Sztropko Felsovizkoz on September 12, 1911).

Weight: 12 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known

Designer: Wilhelm Pittner of Vienna Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1911)

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Type I: Green
Type II: Unknown
Attachments: None Miniature: None known









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1912)





Date Issued: September 1912

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1912 held in South Hungary

Classes or Types: Two Interesting Facts:

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1912

• This medal and that for 1895, 1896 and 1911 have the same obverse

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Hungarian Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed **I. FERENCZ. JOZSEF.** Outside the inscription near the edge of the medal is a fine beaded line

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in nine lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: A 1912 SEPTEMBER/ HAVI CSANADMESYEI/ KIRALY-HADGYAKORLATOK/ EMLEKERE. Below this inscription is a divider composed of a line with a dot in the center. Below the divider is inscribed ZUR ERINNERUNG/ AN DIE/ KAQISERMANOVER IN SUDUNGARN * September 1912. Translation: In commemoration of the Imperial Maneuvers in South Hungary September 1912).

Weight:

• Type I: 12.5 grams

• Type II: Unknown







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1912)





Size:

• Type I: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

• Type II: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze and White Metal

Variations:

• Type I: As described above in bronze

• Type II: As described above in white metal

Designer: Unknown

Manufacturer: Wilhelm Pittner of Vienna

Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon:

Type I: GreenType II: UnknownAttachments: None

Miniature: None known











(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1912)





Date Issued: August 1912

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1912 held in Lardaro, Italy

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1912

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Italian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, **1912**, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached spade shaped eye and a raised rim

Obverse:: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the foreground facing to the viewers left and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the background is the bust of Franz Ferdinand wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed FRANC. JOSEPHUS I. FRANC.FERDINANDUS D. ESTE

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in nine lines: ZUR ERINNERUNG/ AN DIE / ARMEE-MANOVER BEI LARDARO / AUGUST1912. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Lardaro 1912. Below a stylized divider is the same inscription in Italian: IN MEMORIA / ALLE

MANOVRE DELL ARMATA / PRESSO DI LARDARO / NELL AGOSTO / 1912

Weight: Unknown

Size: 29 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1912)





Date Issued: August 1912

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1912 held in Mezohegyes, Hungary

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: This medal and that for 1913 and 1914 have the same obverse

• There were three medals issued for the maneuvers held in 1912

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Hungarian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, **1912**, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached spade shaped eye and a raised rim

Obverse: : Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the foreground facing to the viewers left and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the background is the bust of Franz Ferdinand wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed FRANC. JOSEPHUS I. FRANC.FERDINANDUS D. ESTE

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in eight lines: ZUR ERINNERUNG/ AN DIE GROSSEN / ARMEEMANOVER / BEI MEZOHEGYES / 1912. Translation: In commemoration of the grand army maneuvers in Mezohegyes 1912. Below a stylized divider is the same inscription in Hungarian: AZ ME-

ZOHEGYESI / NÄGY HADGYAKOŘ LATOK / EMLEKEZETEŘE / 1912

Weight: Unknown

Size: 29 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown Case: Unknown







(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1913)





Date Issued: 1913

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1913 held in Chotoviney near Tabor Bohemia

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: This medal and that for 1912 and 1914 have the same obverse

- These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Slovak soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, **1913** and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the foreground facing to the viewers left and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the background is the bust of Franz Ferdinand wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal starting at the seven o'clock position and ending at hte four o'clock position is inscribed FRANC. JOSEPHUS I. FRANC. FERDI-NANDUS D. ESTE

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in nine lines the first and last of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal: **ZUR** ERINNERUNG/A.D. / KAISERMANOVER / BEI CHOTOWN U. TABOR BOHMEN 1913. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Tabor Bohemia 1913. Below a stylized divider is the inscription: **K UPOMINCE**

NA / CISARSKE MAŇEVRY / U CHOTOVNÊY A TABORA CECHY 1913

Weight: 11.3 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze













(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1913)

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Red **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals Landwehr Mountain Troops Shoot Commemoration Medal



(Landwehr Gebergstruppen Schiessen Errinerungsmedaille)





Date Issued: May 1913

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial and Royal Landwehr Mountain Troops maneuvers of 1913

held in Riva-Torble.
Classes or Types: One
Interesting Facts:

• These medals were probably issued to the Austrian and Hungarian soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award

• The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914

• The Imperial and Royal Landwehr, was the territorial army of the Austrian half of the Austro-Hungarian Empire from 1869-1918.

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached round eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I facing to the viewers right and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck.

Reverse: A plain field on which is inscribed in eight lines the first and last of which are curved to conform to the shape of the medal as follows: ERINNERUNG / AN DAS / K.K. LANDWEHR- / GEBIRGSTRUP-PEN- / PRKIS –SCHIESSEN / IN RIVA-TORBOLE / MAI 1913. Translation: Commemorating. The Imperial and Royal Landwehr Mountain Troops shooting contest in Riva-Torbole May 1913.

Weight: Unknown Size: Unknown

Type of Material: Bronze Variations: None known Designer: Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1913)





Date Issued: 1914

Reason Issued: To commemorate the imperial maneuvers of 1914 held in Sarajevo Bosnia in 1914

Classes or Types: One Interesting Facts:

• This medal and that for 1912 and 1913 have the same obverse

- These medals were probably issued to the soldiers who participated in the maneuvers. However they are never seen being worn with the other awards received by military personnel and were therefore not considered an official award
- The first Imperial Maneuvers during the reign of Franz Joseph occurred in 1885. During his reign there imperial maneuvers are known to have occurred in 1885, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1913 and 1914. The emperor attended all maneuvers from 1885 to 1914.

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: Inside the raised rim of the medal is a bearded bust of Emperor Franz Joseph I in the foreground facing to the viewers left and wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the background is the bust of Franz Ferdinand wearing the uniform of a Field Marshal with the Order of the Golden Fleece at the neck. In the upper half of the medal and following the contour of the medal is inscribed **FRANC. JOSEPHUS I. FRANC.FERDINANDUS D. ESTE**

Reverse: A plain field with a circle in the center on which is inscribed in nine lines the first three and last three of which are curved to follow the upper and lower contour to the medal. 4 lines are outside of the circle and 5 lines are within the circle. The inscription is in three languages: German at the top, Bosnian within the circle and Hungarian below the circle: ANDENKEN A.D. GROSSEN ARMEEMANOVER/BEI SARAJE-VO, BOSNIEN1914/ USPOMENA/ NA VELIKE/ VOJNE VJEZBE/KOD/ SARAJEVA.BOSNA 1914/ EMLEK/ A SERAJEVOI/ NAGYHADGYAKORLASOKROL, BOSNIA.1914. Translation: In commemoration of the imperial maneuvers in Sarajevo Bosnia 1914.

Weight: 11.3 grams

Size: 30 mm in diameter and 3 mm thick

Type of Material: Bronze









(Errinerungsmedaille an die Kaisermanovers 1914)

Variations: None known **Designer:** Unknown Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: Unknown **Attachments:** None Miniature: None known







Semi-official Military Medals Asiago-Costesin Merit and Commemoration Medal for the 28th Infantry Division 1916



(Asiago-Costesin Medaille der 28 Infanterie Trupendivision 1916)





Date Issued: 1916

Reason Issued: To commemorate the service of the 28th Infantry Division in the battles of Asiago-Costesia

Classes or Types: One

Interesting Facts: None known

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal with a small attached eye and a raised rim

Obverse: An armored knight with a lance killing a dragon. Below the knight's feet is an inscription and the

name of the designer E. Thurner

Reverse: A depiction of a cannon cross (a clawed cross) on the top arm is inscribed: COSTESIN, on the arm to the viewers left is inscribed ASIAGO, on the arm to the viewers right is inscribed PUNTA CORBIN and

on the bottom arm is inscribed 19-29 MAI 1916. In the center of the cross is inscribed: 28 I.T.D.

Weight: Unknown **Size:** 30.5 mm

Type of Material: Bright bronze

Variations: None known **Designer:** E. Thurner Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown

Ribbon: White with wide bright green side stripes.

Attachments: Gold swords Miniature: None known









Semi-official Military Medals Viktor Dankl von Krasnik Commemoration Medal



(Viktor Dankl von Krasnik Gedenkmedaille)





Date Issued: 1916

Reason Issued: To commemorate General of Cavalry Viktor Dankl von Krasnik, Commander of the defense

of the Tyrol.

Classes or Types: One **Interesting Facts:**

Won the Battle of Krasnik against the Russians in 1914 and Commander of Defense Command Tirol in 1915

• This medal was also issued as a table medal.

Hallmarks: None

Design: A round medal

Obverse: On a plain field in the center of the medal is the image of General von Krasnik in uniform facing to the viewers left. Around the upper edge of the medal starting at the seven o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position is inscribed: L.V.KDT. G.D.K. VIKTOR.DANKL TIROL 1915 = 1916. Translation: Defense Force Commander General of Cavalry Viktor Dankl Tyrol 1915-1916. Behind the general's neck near the edge of the medal near the three o'clock position is the name of the medalist L. HUJER.

Reverse: On a plain field is a scene of a soldier on guard in a mountainous environment. Around the upper edge of the medal starting at the eight o'clock position and ending at the four o'clock position is inscribed: UNERSCHUTTER-LICH=UND-TREU. Translation: Steadfast and faithful. At the bottom of the medal at the six o'clock position is the name of the medalist L. HUJER.

Weight: Unknown Size: 30 mm in diameter Type of Material: Zinc Variations: None known Designer: Ludwig Hujer Manufacturer: Unknown Number Issued: Unknown

Case: Unknown Ribbon: None

> **Attachments:** None known Miniature: None known



